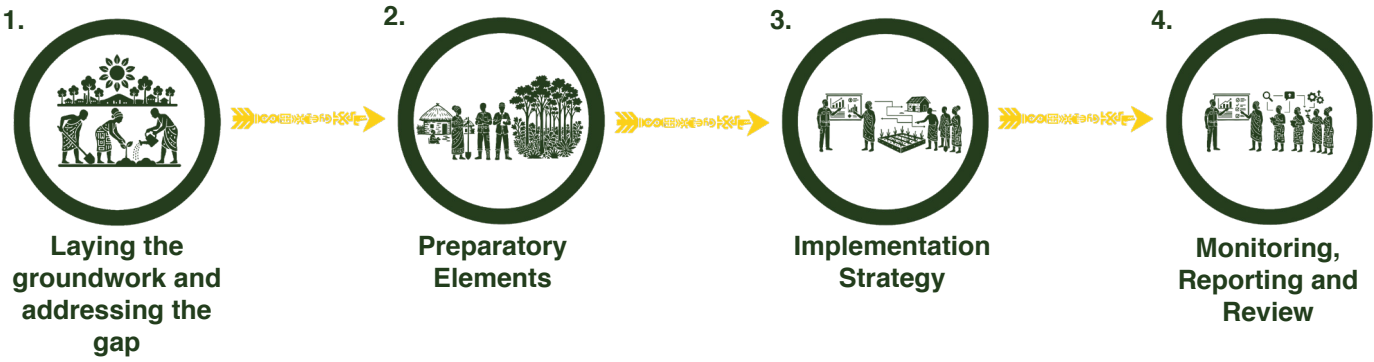


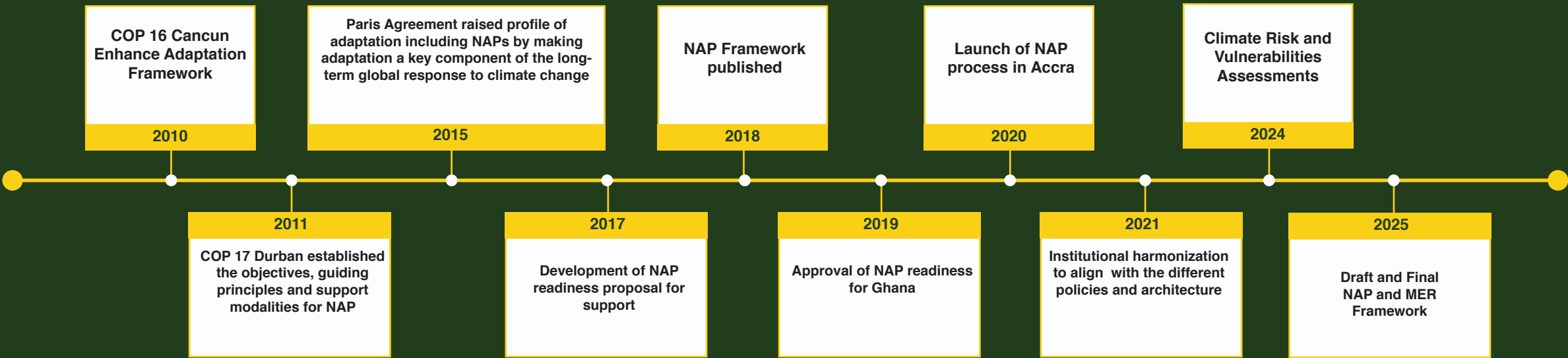


Ghana National Adaptation Plan

Adaptation Planning Process



NAP Milestones



Ghana's NAP 2025 presents a coherent, evidence-driven and inclusive roadmap that links national climate resilience to district-level realities. By embedding adaptation into development planning, strengthening institutions and prioritizing vulnerable communities, the NAP positions Ghana to manage climate risks while advancing sustainable and equitable growth.

KEY MESSAGES OF THE NAP

Adaptation as development

Climate adaptation is positioned as a foundation for resilient economic growth, social protection, and sustainable livelihoods, not a standalone environmental issue.

Mainstreaming across sectors and levels

Adaptation is integrated into national, sectoral, and district development planning, with strong vertical and horizontal coordination mechanisms.

Evidence-based and iterative

The NAP emphasizes vulnerability assessments, real-time data, MEL systems, and continuous learning to refine priorities over time.

Equity and inclusion:

Women, youth, persons with disabilities, migrants, and climate-vulnerable communities are prioritized across all adaptation actions.

Sustainable financing

Long-term success depends on diversified financing by combining domestic budgets, international climate finance and private sector investment.

NAP ACHIEVEMENTS



DISTRICT-LEVEL SPOTLIGHTS: VULNERABILITY AND ADAPTATION PRIORITIES

Vulnerability Overview

- Climate vulnerability generally increases from coastal zones through the transition belt to the northern savannahs
- Major hazards across districts include flooding, drought, water scarcity, pests and diseases, and bushfires
- Vulnerability is shaped by exposure and sensitivity combined with limited adaptive capacity, especially among women, youth, and smallholder farmers.

Coastal Districts (Keta, Tema, Sekondi-Takoradi)

Adaptation Priorities

- Coastal protection and ecosystem-based adaptation (mangroves, wetlands)
- Climate-resilient urban planning and drainage systems
- Livelihood diversification and support for climate-affected fishery communities

Northern Savannah (Tamale, West Mamprusi)

Adaptation Priorities

- Climate-smart agriculture and drought-resilient livelihoods
- Improved water harvesting, storage, and management
- Strengthened early warning systems and social protection for vulnerable households

Forest and Transition Zones (Aowin, Asuogyaman, Wenchi)

Adaptation Priorities

- Sustainable land and forest management
- Flood control and watershed protection
- Support to climate-resilient agriculture and local value chains

